Surgery Collaborative and Longterm Practical Experience Learning SCalPEL

Case report



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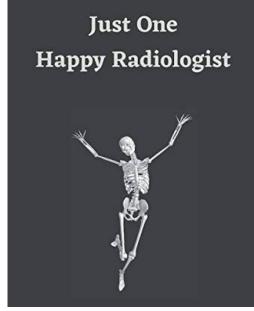
Emergency room

- * Male (50 y)
- innumerable stools of mucus with blood (last 24h)
- * multiple loose bloody stools (avg. 8 daily) since last month, lost 10 kg
- * No fever
 - * Ulcerative colitis since 1994
 - Colonoscopy 1 month ago erythematous, fryable mucosa 40 cm in lenght from dentate line
 - * Th: Mesalazine, Methylprednisolone 32 mg, Pantoprazole 20 mg
 - * Alergies: none

* Abdomen: soft, elastic walls, painless but sensitive to deep palpation in the lower part of the abdomen, without defenses

LAB

- * E 3.43 x 10¹²/L
- * Hb 120 g/L
- * L 13.9 x 10⁹/L, neu 89.7%
- CRP 140 mg/L
- * PLT 75 x 109/L



* Admitted to gastroenterology department!



- * Adenovirus + in stool
- * CMV IgG +
- * EBV IgG +
- * VZV IgG +

Th:

* Solumedrol 80 mg, CaCO3 1000 mg, OleovitD3 10 kapi, 1000 ml f.o., 1000 ml 5%glukoze, Plasmalyte 1000 ml, Controloc 40 mg i.v., Clexane 0.4 ml s.c. Normabel 5 mg 3x1 tbl, Cerson 5 mg, Tramal 50 mg s.c., Actrapid

Day	1	2	4
Hb g/L	100	98	105
L x 10 ⁹ /L	11.1	5	5
CRP mg/L	100	48	30



Stil multiple loose bloody stools!



Day	7
Hb g/L	121
L x 10 ⁹ /L	22.9
CRP mg/L	<u> 256</u>

Infliximab

Day	7
Hb g/L	121
L x 10 ⁹ /L	22.9
CRP mg/L	256
Creatinine µmol/L	223
AST U/L	188
ALT U/L	357
PLT x 10 ⁹ /L	40





* Abdomen: diffusely painful on palpation, especially under the left costal arch, without defenses, without organomegaly

TH: Tramal 100 mg s.c.



WHAT NOW?

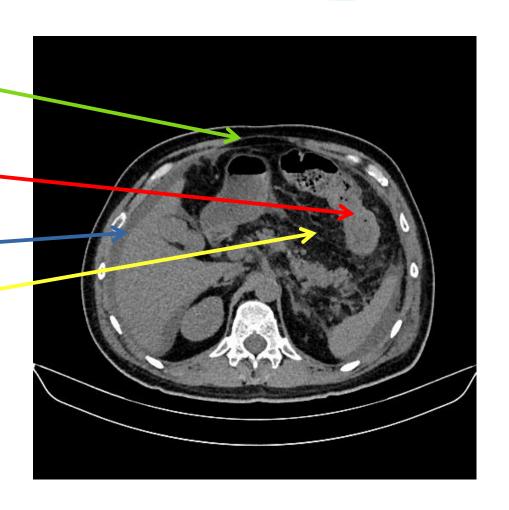
A) Surgery

B) Diagnostics

C) Conservative th.

MSCT

- Pneumoperitoneum
- Collapsed descending and sigmoid colon with thickened intestinal wall
- Liquid content
- Peritoneal fat stranding
- Conclusion colonic perforation



Transfer



"Nurse, get on the internet, go to SURGERY.COM, scroll down and click on the 'Are you totally lost?' icon."

RR 90/40 mmHg, c/p 140 min

Intraoperative finding

Head

Legs

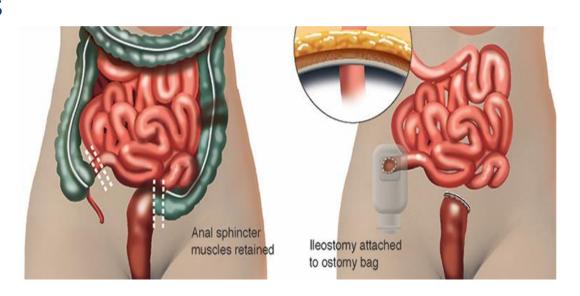
Right

IN THE OR

WHAT NOW?

- A) Laparotomy and left colectomy with colostomy
 - B) Laparotomy and total colectomy with ileostomy
 - C) Laparotomy and subtotal colectomy with ileostomy

- *Subtotal colectomy with end ileostomy
- *Microbiological swabs
- *Drainage







ICU

- * Respirator: 10 h and 30 min
- * Antibiotics: Meropenem, Vancomycin
- * TPN:

SmofKabiven Extra Nitrogen 20 ml/h

+ Soluvit, Vitlapid i Addamel

3 days

Microbiology

- Enterococcus faecium
- Escherichia coli
- Enterococcus faecalis
- Proteus mirabilis

Ward

- * EN
- * Physical therapy
- * Stoma therapist consultations

Ward

*Examined by gastroenterologist – instructions and appointment for follow-up

*Discharged 11th postoperative day

Pathology

Necrosis intestini crassi cum perforatione

- *26 cm of ileum, 65 cm of colon, greater omentum
- *Perforation 24 cm proximal from distal resection site
- *Thickened intestinal wall in the distal 33 cm with inflammatory cell infiltration



ECCO Guideline/Consensus Paper

ECCO Guidelines on Therapeutics in Ulcerative Colitis: Surgical Treatment



Restorative procedure

Single-stage

2-stage

Modified-2-stage

3-stage

Restorative proctocolectomy without ileostomy

Restorative proctocolectomy with ileostomy

Ileostomy closure

Total colectomy

Restorative proctectomy without ileostomy

Total colectomy

Restorative proctectomy with ileostomy

Ileostomy closure

Non-restorative proctocolectomy with end ileostomy

Total colectomy

Non-restorative proctectomy with end ileostomy

Non-restorative procedure